CENTRAL ELECTRICITY REGULATORY COMMISSION NEW DELHI

Petition No. 351/GT/2014

Coram:

Shri A.S. Bakshi, Member Dr. M.K. Iyer, Member

Date of Hearing : 6.9.2016 Date of Order :23.9.2016

In the matter of:

Approval oftariff for TilaiyaHydel Power Station,Units I & II (2 x 2 MW)for the period from 1.4.2014 to 31.3.2019.

And in the matter of

Damodar Valley Corporation, DVC Towers, VIP Road Kolkata

.....Petitioner

Versus

- West Bengal State Electricity Distribution Company Limited Block 'DJ' Sector-11, Salt Lake City, Kolkata-700 091
- 2. Jharkhand BijliVitran Nigam Limited Engineering Building, HEC, Dhurwa, Ranchi- 834 004

.....Respondents

Parties present:

For Petitioner:

Shri M.G Ramachandran, Advocate, DVC Ms.AnushreeBardhan, Advocate, DVC ShriP.Bhattacharya, DVC ShriSubrataGhosal, DVC

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ShriA.Biswas, DVC ShriD.K Aich, DVC ShriS.Ganguly, DVC

For Respondents:

None

<u>ORDER</u>

This petition has been filed by the petitioner, Damodar Valley Corporation (DVC), for approval of tariff of Tilaya Hydel Power Station, Units I and II (2 x 2 MW) (hereinafter referred to as "the generating station") for the period 2014-19in accordance with the provisions of the Central Electricity Regulatory Commission (Terms and Conditions of Tariff) Regulations, 2014 (hereinafter referred to as "the 2014 Tariff Regulations").

2. The petitioner is a statutory body established by the Central Government under the Damodar Valley Corporation Act, 1948 (hereinafter referred to as the 'DVC Act') for the development of the Damodar Valley, with three participating Governments, namely, the Central Government, the Government of West Bengal and the Government of Jharkhand. The dates of commercial operation of the different Units of the generating station is as under:-

Unit - I :	February, 1953
Unit - II :	August, 1953

3. In Petition No. 273/GT/2012 filed by the petitioner for determination of tariff of the generating station for the period 2009-14, the Commission vide order dated 7.8.2013, determined the annual fixed charges based on actual additional capital expenditure for the years 2009-10 and 2010-11 and projected additional capital expenditure for the



years 2011-12, 2012-13 and 2013-14. Thereafter, the Commission vide order dated 29.7.2016 in Petition No. 468/GT/2014had revised the annual fixed chargesof the generating station for the period 2009-14,after truing-up exercise in terms of Regulation 6(1) of the 2009 Tariff Regulations, as summarized under.

					(🛛 in lakh)
	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14
Depreciation	6.69	6.73	6.74	6.74	6.74
Interest on Loan	-	-	-	-	-
Return on Equity	24.35	20.29	25.37	25.37	20.30
Interest on Working Capital	26.89	28.31	30.00	31.68	33.35
O&M Expenses	524.70	554.71	586.44	619.98	655.44
Sub-Total	582.63	610.05	648.55	683.77	715.82
Pension & Gratuity Contribution	10.55	10.55	10.55	10.55	10.55
Sinking Fund Contribution	5.94	5.74	5.49	5.46	5.85
Common Office Expenditure	2.06	2.19	1.28	0.90	0.70
Additional O&M Expenses	77.94	82.40	87.11	92.09	97.36
Sub-Total	96.50	100.88	104.44	109.01	114.45
Total Annual Fixed Charges	679.13	710.92	752.99	792.78	830.28

4. The annual fixed charges determined vide orders dated 7.8.2013 and 29.7.2016 are subject to the final outcome of the Civil Appeals pending before the Hon'ble Supreme Court in respect of the determination of tariff of the generating stations and inter-state transmission systems of the petitioner by the Commission for the periods 2006-09 and 2009-14.

5. Thepetitioner vide affidavit dated 4.9.2014 has sought approval of tariff of the generating station for the period 2014-19 in accordance with the provisions of the 2014



Tariff Regulations. Accordingly, the capital cost and the annual fixed charges claimed by the petitioner for the period 2014-19 are as under:

Capital Cost

					(□ in lak
	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
Opening Capital Cost	267.35	279.02	289.50	289.50	289.50
Additional capital expenditure	12.00	11.00	-	-	-
De-capitalization during the year/ period	0.33	0.52	-	-	-
Net Additional Capitalization	11.67	10.48	-	-	-
Closing Capital Cost	279.02	289.50	289.50	289.50	289.50
Average Capital Cost	273.19	284.26	289.50	289.50	289.50

Annual Fixed Charges

Annual I Ikeu Charges					(□ in lakh)
	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
Depreciation	6.88	7.16	7.29	7.29	7.29
Interest on Loan	0.07	0.14	0.08	-	-
Return on Equity	27.69	28.38	28.71	28.71	28.71
Interest on Working Capital	40.03	43.21	45.97	48.91	52.03
O & M Expenses	698.99	745.43	794.95	847.77	904.10
Sub-Total	773.66	824.32	877.00	932.68	992.13
Share of Common Office Expenditure	0.84	0.78	0.99	1.46	1.65
Share of P&G & impact of pay revision	23.04	48.15	48.15	48.15	48.15
Share of Additional O&M due to ash evacuation, Mega insurance CISF expenditure & expenditure for Subsidiary activity	3.03	3.39	3.99	4.54	4.85
Total	800.57	876.64	930.13	986.83	1046.78

6. In compliance with the directions of the Commission, the petitioner has filed additional information and has served copies on the respondents. None of the respondents have filed any replies regarding the same. Taking into consideration the documents available on record, we proceed to consider the claims of the petitioner and determine the tariff in respect of this generating station for the period 2014-19. The



Commission vide ROP of hearing dated 6.9.2016 had directed the petitioner to submit certain informationandthe petitioner has not submitted anyinformation.

Capital cost as on 1.4.2014

7. Clause (1) of Regulation 9 of the 2014 Tariff Regulations provides that the capital cost as determined by the Commission after prudence check, in accordance with this regulation shall form the basis of determination of tariff for existing and new projects. Clause 3 of Regulation 9 of the 2014 Tariff Regulations provides as under:

"The Capital cost of an existing project shall include the following:

(a) the capital cost admitted by the Commission prior to 1.4.2014 duly trued up by excludingliability, if any, as on 1.4.2014;

(b) additional capitalization and de-capitalization for the respective year of tariff as determined in accordance with Regulation 14; and

(c) expenditure on account of renovation and modernization as admitted by this Commission in accordance with Regulation 15."

8. The annual fixed charges claimed by the petitioner are based on opening capital cost of \Box 267.35 lakh as on 1.4.2014 as against the capital cost of \Box 267.49 lakh as on 31.3.2014 admitted by the Commission vide order dated 29.7.2016 in Petition No. 468/GT/2014. As per Clause 3 of Regulation 9 of the 2014 Tariff Regulations, the capital cost admitted prior to 1.4.2014 is to be considered as opening capital cost. Accordingly, the closing capital cost of \Box 267.49 lakh as on 31.3.2014 has been considered as the opening capital cost as on 1.4.2014.

ProjectedAdditional Capital Expenditure

9. Regulation 14 (3) of the 2014 Tariff Regulations provides as under:

"14.(3) The capital expenditure, in respect of existing generating station or the transmission system including communication system, incurred or projected to be



incurred on the following counts after the cut-off date, may be admitted by the Commission, subject to prudence check:

(i) Liabilities to meet award of arbitration or for compliance of the order or decree of a court of law;

(ii) Change in law or compliance of any existing law;

(iii) Any expenses to be incurred on account of need for higher security and safety of the plant as advised or directed by appropriate Government Agencies of statutory authorities responsible for national security/internal security;

(iv)Deferred works relating to ash pond or ash handling system in the original scope of work;

(v) Any liability for works executed prior to the cut-off date, after prudence check of the details of such un-discharged liability, total estimated cost of package, reasons for such withholding of payment and release of such payments etc.;

(vi)Any liability for works admitted by the Commission after the cut-off date to the extent of discharge of such liabilities by actual payments;

(vii) Any additional capital expenditure which has become necessary for efficient operation of generating station other than coal / lignite based stations or transmission system as the case may be. The claim shall be substantiated with the technical justification duly supported by the documentary evidence like test results carried out by an independent agency in case of deterioration of assets, report of an independent agency in case of damage caused by natural calamities, obsolescence of technology, up-gradation of capacity for the technical reason such as increase in fault level;

(viii) In case of hydro generating stations, any expenditure which has become necessary on account of damage caused by natural calamities (but not due to flooding of power house attributable to the negligence of the generating company) and due to geological reasons after adjusting the proceeds from any insurance scheme, and expenditure incurred due to any additional work which has become necessary for successful and efficient plant operation;

(ix) In case of transmission system, any additional expenditure on items such as relays, control and instrumentation, computer system, power line carrier communication, DC batteries, replacement due to obsolesce of technology, replacement of switchyard equipment due to increase of fault level, tower strengthening, communication equipment, emergency restoration system, insulators cleaning infrastructure, replacement of porcelain insulator with polymer insulators, replacement of damaged equipment not covered by insurance and any other expenditure which has become necessary for successful and efficient operation of transmission system; and

(x) Any capital expenditure found justified after prudence check necessitated on account of modifications required or done in fuel receiving system arising due to non-materialization of coal supply corresponding to full coal linkage in respect of thermal

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generating station as result of circumstances not within the control of the generating station:

Provided that any expenditure on acquiring the minor items or the assets including tools and tackles, furniture, air-conditioners, voltage stabilizers, refrigerators, coolers, computers, fans, washing machines, heat convectors, mattresses, carpets etc. brought after the cut-off date shall not be considered for additional capitalization for determination of tariff w.e.f. 1.4.2014:

10. The break-up of the projected additional capital expenditure claimed in the

period2014-19 is detailed as under:

	1		1		1		in lakh)
SI No		Regula- tion	Additional Capital Expenditure Claimed	Year put to use	De- capitaliza- tion Claimed	Depreci- ation Recovered	Net Additional Capitalization Claimed
	2014-15						
1	55 nosexide battery YKP 17, 200 Ah for Powerhouse and battery charger 415V	14 (3)(vii)	12.00	1956	0.33	0.29	11.67
	Total		12.00		0.33	0.29	11.67
	2015-16						
2	Air compressor with receiver tank for power house	14 (3)(vii)	10.00	1953	0.5	0.45	9.50
3	11kV 110 V Potential transformer for power house	14 (3)(vii)	1.00	1953	0.02	0.02	0.98
	Total		11.00		0.52	0.47	10.48

11. It is observed that the petitioner has claimed projected additional capital expenditure

of certain assets/items for the period 2014-19 and has prayed that the capitalization of



the same may be allowed under Regulation 14 (3)(vii) of the 2014 Tariff Regulations. We shall examine the year-wise claim of these assets as under:

2014-15

55 nosexide battery YKP 17, 200 Ah for Powerhouse and battery charger 415V

12. The petitioner has claimed projected additional capital expenditure of 12.00 lakh along with de-capitalization of 0.33 lakh in 2014-15for this asset under Regulation14(3)(vii) of the 2014 Tariff Regulations. In justification of the same, the petitioner has submitted that additional capital expenditure has been claimed due to replacement of outlived battery bank and technological obsolescence of the old MG set charger.TheCommission vide ROPof the hearing dated 6.9.2016 haddirected the petitioner to submit the technical proof/documentary evidence of condition of battery bank and whether the same is in operation or not.However, the petitioner has not submitted any informationregarding the same.

13. It is however observed that the said asset is very old and will complete almost 58 years of service during the year 2014-15. In our view, the efficient operation of the plant would be adversely affected due to old equipment outliving the useful life and in the event of failure. In view of the above, we are inclined to allow theadditional capital expenditure claimed is allowed under Regulation 14(3)(vii) of the 2014 Tariff Regulations. This is however subject to the petitioner furnishing the OEM report or the technical committee report for replacement of the said asset at the time of truing up of tariff along with the de-capitalization value of the asset.



2015-16

Air Compressor with receiver tank for power house

14. The petitioner has claimed projected additional capital expenditure of $\Box 10.00$ lakh along with thede-capitalization of $\Box 0.50$ lakh for the said asset in 2015-16 under Regulation 14(3)(vii) of the 2014 Tariff Regulations. The petitioner has submitted that the replacement of the asset is necessary since the compressor has outlived its useful life and is obsolete. The Commissionhad directed the petitioner to submit the obsolescence certificate and supporting documents for the same. However, the petitioner has not submitted any additional information regarding the same. It is observed that the said asset is very old and will complete almost 62 years of service during the year 2015-16. In our view, the efficient operation of the plant would be adversely affected due to old equipment outliving the useful life and in the event of failure. In view of this,, the same is required to be replaced and the additional capital expenditure claimed is allowed under Regulation 14(3)(vii) of the 2014 Tariff Regulations. This is however subject to the petitioner furnishing the OEM report or the technical committee report for replacement of the said asset at the time of truing up oftariff along with the de-capitalization value of the asset.

11 kV Potential transformer for Power House

15. The petitioner has claimed projected additional capital expenditure of \Box 1.00 lakh along with the e-capitalization of \Box 0.02 lakh for the said asset in 2015-16 under Regulation 14(3)(vii) of the 2014 Tariff Regulations. In justification of the same, the petitioner has submitted that the existing PT (Potential Transformer) is very old and of 0.5S class. Accordingly the petitioner stated that the same is required to be replaced by 0.2S classaccuracy as per statutory requirement. The Commission vide ROPof the hearing dated 6.9.2016 had directed the petitioner to submit obsolescence certificate for the same and the petitioner has not furnished any additional information on the same.

16. It is observed from the submissions of the petitioner that the replacement of the said asset is in compliance with the statutory requirement of the existing law namely the Central Electricity Authority(Installation and Operation of Meters), 2006. The Schedule, Part-I of the said CEA Regulations, 2006 provides that the accuracy class of meters in generation and transmission system shall not be inferior to that of 0.2S Accuracy Class. It also provided that the accuracy class of meters in distribution system shall not be inferior to that of 0.5S Accuracy Class. Keeping in view that the compliance to be made by the petitioner is in respect of the statutory requirement as per CEA Regulations, 2006, the additional capital expenditure claimed is allowed under Regulation 14(3)(vii) of the 2014 Tariff Regulations. This is however subject to the petitioner furnishing the OEM report or the technical committee report for replacement of the said asset at the time of truing up of tariff along with the de-capitalization value of the asset.

2016-19

17. No additional capital expenditure has been claimed by the petitioner for the period 2016-19.

18. Based on the above discussions, the projected additional capital expenditure allowed for the period 2014-18 in respect of the above assets are summarized as under:

					(□in lakh)
SI No		Regulation	Additional Capital Expenditure Claimed	De- capitalization Claimed	Net Additional Capitalization Approved
	2014-15				
1	55 nosexide battery YKP 17, 200 Ah for Powerhouse and battery charger 415V	14 (3)(vii)	12.00	0.33	11.67
	Total		12.00	0.33	11.67
	2015-16				
2	Air compressor with receiver tank for power house	14 (3)(vii)	10.00	0.50	9.50
3	11kV 110 V Potential transformer for power house	14 (3)(vii)	1.00	0.02	0.98
	Total		11.00	0.52	10.48
	Grand Total		23.00	0.85	22.15

Capital cost for the period 2014-19

19. As stated above, the opening capital cost considered is \Box 267.49 lakh as on 1.4.2014. Accordingly, the capital cost considered for the purpose of tariff for the period 2014-19 is as under:

					(□ in lak
	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
Opening Capital Cost	267.49	279.16	289.64	289.64	289.64
Net Additions Allowed	11.67	10.48	-	-	-
Closing Capital Cost	279.16	289.64	289.64	289.64	289.64
Average Capital Cost	273.32	284.40	289.64	289.64	289.64

Debt-Equity Ratio

20. Regulation 19 of the 2014 Tariff Regulations provides as under:

"(1) For a project declared under commercial operation on or after 1.4.2014, the debt-equity ratio would be considered as 70:30 as on COD. If the equity actually deployed is more than 30% of the capital cost, equity in excess of 30% shall be treated as normative loan:

Provided that:

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(i) where equity actually deployed is less than 30% of the capital cost, actual equity shall be considered for determination of tariff:

(ii) the equity invested in foreign currency shall be designated in Indian rupees on the date of each investment:

(iii) any grant obtained for the execution of the project shall not be considered as a part of capital structure for the purpose of debt-equtiy ratio.

Explanation - The premium, if any, raised by the generating company or the transmission licensee, as the case may be, while issuing share capital and investment of internal resources created out of its free reserve, for the funding of the project, shall be reckoned as paid up capital for the purpose of computing return on equity, only if such premium amount and internal resources are actually utilised for meeting the capital expenditure of the generating station or the transmission system. (2) The generating Company or the transmission licensee shall submit the resolution f the Board of the company or approval from Cabinet Committee on Economic Affairs (CCEA) regarding infusion of fund from internal resources in support of the utilisation made or proposed to be made to meet the capital expenditure of the generating station system, as the case may be.

(3) In case of the generating station and the transmission system including communication system declared under commercial operation prior to 1.4.2014, debt-equity ratio allowed by the Commission for determination of tariff for the period ending 31.3.2014 shall be considered.

(4) In case of generating station and the transmission system including communication system declared under commercial operation prior to 1.4.2014, but where debt:equity ratio has not been determined by the Commission for determination of tariff for the period ending 31.3.2014, the Commission shall approve the debt:equity based on actual information provided by the generating company or the transmission licensee as the case may be.

(5) Any expenditure incurred or projected to be incurred on or after 1.4.2014 as may be admitted by the Commission as additional capital expenditure for determination of tariff, and renovation and modernization expenditure for life extension shall be serviced in the manner specified in clause (1) of this regulation.

21. Accordingly, the gross normative loan and equity amounting to 136.54 lakh and

□130.95 lakh respectively, as on 31.3.2014 as considered in order dated 29.7.2016 in

Petition No. 468/GT/2014, has been considered as normative loan and equity as on

1.4.2014. The normative debt equity ratio of 70:30 has been considered in the case of



additional capital expenditure. This is subject to truing-up in terms of Regulation 8 of the

(in lakh)

Asset	As on 1.4.2014					As on 31.3.2019		
	Amount	(%)	Amount	(%)	Amount	(%)		
Debt	136.54	51.05%	15.51	70.00%	152.05	52.50%		
Equity	130.95	48.95%	6.65	30.00%	137.59	47.50%		
Total	267.49	100.00%	22.15	100.00%	289.64	100.00%		

2014 Tariff Regulations. The opening and closing debt and equity is as under.

Return on Equity

22. Regulation 24 of the 2014 Tariff Regulations provides as under:

"24. Return on Equity:

(1) Return on equity shall be computed in rupee terms, on the equity base determined in accordance with regulation 19.

(2) Return on equity shall be computed at the base rate of 15.50% for thermal generating stations, transmission system including communication system and run of the river hydro generating station, and at the base rate of 16.50% for the storage type hydro generating stations including pumped storage hydro generating stations and run of river generating station with pondage:

Provided that:

i) in case of projects commissioned on or after 1st April, 2014, an additional return of 0.50 % shall be allowed, if such projects are completed within the timeline specified in Appendix-I:

ii). the additional return of 0.5% shall not be admissible if the project is not completed within the timeline specified above for reasons whatsoever:

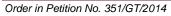
iii). additional RoE of 0.50% may be allowed if any element of the transmission project is completed within the specified timeline and it is certified by the Regional Power Committee/National Power Committee that commissioning of the particular element will benefit the system operation in the regional/national grid:

iv). the rate of return of a new project shall be reduced by 1% for such period as may be decided by the Commission, if the generating station or transmission system is found to be declared under commercial operation without commissioning of any of the Restricted Governor Mode Operation (RGMO)/ Free Governor Mode Operation (FGMO), data telemetry, communication system up to load dispatch centre or protection system:

v) as and when any of the above requirements are found lacking in a generating station based on the report submitted by the respective RLDC, RoE shall be reduced by 1% for the period for which the deficiency continues:

vi) additional RoE shall not be admissible for transmission line having length of less than 50 kilometers.

23. Regulation 25 of the 2014 Tariff Regulations provides as under:





"Tax on Return on Equity

(1) The base rate of return on equity as allowed by the Commission under Regulation 24 shall be grossed up with the effective tax rate of the respective financial year. For this purpose, the effective tax rate shall be considered on the basis of actual tax paid in the respect of the financial year in line with the provisions of the relevant Finance Acts by the concerned generating company or the transmission licensee, as the case may be. The actual tax income on other income stream (i.e., income of non-generation or non-transmission business, as the case may be) shall not be considered for the calculation of "effective tax rate".

(2) Rate of return on equity shall be rounded off to three decimal places and shall be computed as per the formula given below:

Rate of pre-tax return on equity = Base rate / (1-t)

Where "t" is the effective tax rate in accordance with Clause (1) of this regulation and shall be calculated at the beginning of every financial year based on the estimated profit and tax to be paid estimated in line with the provisions of the relevant Finance Act applicable for that financial year to the company on pro-rata basis by excluding the income of non-generation or non-transmission business, as the case may be, and the corresponding tax thereon. In case of generating company or transmission licensee paying Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT), "t" shall be considered as MAT rate including surcharge and cess."

24. The petitioner has claimed return on equity considering the base rate of 16.50% and effective tax rate (MAT rate) of 20.961%. However, the actual tax rate of 2013-14 is "NIL" as per annual audited accounts of 2013-14. It is also observed from the Annual Accounts for the years 2014-15 and 2015-16 that the tax liability is 'nil' for the petitioner's company as a whole.Therefore, the Commission in view of the actual tax rate for the years 2013-14 to 2015-16 has considered as'NIL' tax rate for grossing up of the base rate. This is however subject to truing-up and shall be considered as per the actual effective tax rate applicable for the said financial year. Accordingly, Return on Equity has been worked out as under:-

					(🗆 in lakh)
	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
Notional Equity-Opening	130.95	134.45	137.59	137.59	137.59
Addition of Equity due to Additional Capitalization	3.60	3.30	-	-	-
Adjustment on account of de-capitalization	0.10	0.16	-	-	-
Normative Equity- Closing	134.45	137.59	137.59	137.59	137.59

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Average Normative Equity	132.70	136.02	137.59	137.59	137.59
Return on Equity (Base Rate)	16.500%	16.500%	16.500%	16.500%	16.500%
Tax rate for the year	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Rate of Return on Equity (Pre Tax)	16.500%	16.500%	16.500%	16.500%	16.500%
Return on Equity	21.90	22.44	22.70	22.70	22.70

Interest on Loan

25. Regulation 26 of the 2014 Tariff Regulations provides as under:

"26. Interest on loan capital: (1)The loans arrived at in the manner indicated in regulation 19 shall be considered as gross normative loan for calculation of interest on loan.

(2) The normative loan outstanding as on 1.4.2014 shall be worked out by deducting the cumulative repayment as admitted by the Commission up to 31.3.2014 from the gross normative loan.

(3) The repayment for each of the year of the tariff period 2014-19 shall be deemed to be equal to the depreciation allowed for the corresponding year/period. In case of de-capitalization of assets, the repayment shall be adjusted by taking into account cumulative repayment on a pro rata basis and the adjustment should not exceed cumulative depreciation recovered upto the date of de-capitalization of such asset.

(4) Notwithstanding any moratorium period availed by the generating company orthe transmission licensee, as the case may be, the repayment of loan shall be considered from the first year of commercial operation of the project and shall be equal to the depreciation allowed for the year or part of the year.

(5) The rate of interest shall be the weighted average rate of interest calculated on the basis of the actual loan portfolio after providing appropriate accounting adjustment for interest capitalized:

Provided that if there is no actual loan for a particular year but normative loan is still outstanding, the last available weighted average rate of interest shall be considered:

- 26. Interest on loan has been worked out as under:
 - a. The gross normative loan of □136.54 lakh has been considered on 1.4.2014in order dated 29.7.2016 in Petition No. 468/GT/2014. In addition tothis,loan component towards additional capitalization has been considered as per the approved debt equity ratio.
 - b. Cumulative repayment of loan as on 31.3.2014 has been considered as cumulative repayment as on 1.4.2014.



- c. Addition to normative loan on account of additional capital expenditure approved above has been considered on year to year basis.
- d. Depreciation allowed has been considered as repayment of normative loan during the respective year of the tariff period 2014-19. Proportionate adjustment has been made to the repayments on account of de-capitalizations considered in the additional capital expenditure approved above.
- e. In line with the provisions of the regulations, the weighted average rate of interest has been calculated by applying the actual loan portfolio existing as on 1.4.2014 along with subsequent additions during the period 2014-19, if any, for the generating station. In case of loans carrying floating rate of interest the rate of interest as provided by the petitioner has been considered for the purpose of tariff. The necessary calculation for interest on loan is as under:

					(🗆 in lakh)
	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
Gross Notional Loan for the purpose of tariff in the instant petition	136.54	144.71	152.05	152.05	152.05
Cumulative repayment of loan up to previous year	136.54	143.20	150.00	152.05	152.05
Net opening loan	-	1.51	2.05	-	-
Addition due to Net Additional Capitalization	8.17	7.34	-	-	-
Repayment of Loan during the period	6.89	7.16	2.05	-	-
Add: Repayment adjustment on a/c of de- capitalization	0.23	0.36	-	-	-
Less: Repayment on account of adjustment in discharge in liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
Net Closing Loan	1.51	2.05	-	-	-
Average Loan	0.76	1.78	1.03	_	-
Weighted Average Rate of Interest on Loan (%)	10.2433%	10.3499%	10.3547%	11.5453%	11.6025%
Interest on Loan	0.08	0.18	0.11	-	-

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Depreciation

27. Regulation 27 of the 2014 Tariff Regulations provides as under:

"27. Depreciation: (1) Depreciation shall be computed from the date of commercial operation of a generating station or unit thereof or a transmission system including communication system or element thereof. In case of the tariff of all the units of a generating station or all elements of a transmission system including communication system for which a single tariff needs to be determined, the depreciation shall be computed from the effective date of commercial operation of the generating station or the transmission system taking into consideration the depreciation of individual units or elements thereof.

Provided that effective date of commercial operation shall be worked out by considering the actual date of commercial operation and installed capacity of all the units of the generating station or capital cost of all elements of the transmission system, for which single tariff needs to be determined.

(2) The value base for the purpose of depreciation shall be the capital cost of the asset admitted by the Commission. In case of multiple units of a generating station or multiple elements of transmission system, weighted average life for the generating station of the transmission system shall be applied. Depreciation shall be chargeable from the first year of commercial operation. In case of commercial operation of the asset for part of the year, depreciation shall be charged on pro rata basis

(3) The salvage value of the asset shall be considered as 10% and depreciation shall be allowed up to maximum of 90% of the capital cost of the asset:

Provided that in case of hydro generating station, the salvage value shall be as provided in the agreement signed by the developers with the State Government for development of the Plant:

Provided further that the capital cost of the assets of the hydro generating station for the purpose of computation of depreciated value shall correspond to the percentage of sale of electricity under long term power purchase agreement at regulated tariff:

Provided also that any depreciation disallowed on account of lower availability of the generating station or generating unit or transmission system as the case may be, shall not be allowed to be recovered at a later stage during the useful life and the extended life.

(4) Land other than the land held under lease and the land for reservoir in case of hydro generating station shall not be a depreciable asset and its cost shall be excluded from the capital cost while computing depreciable value of the asset.

(5) Depreciation shall be calculated annually based on Straight Line Method and at rates specified in **Appendix-II** to these regulations for the assets of the generating station and transmission system:

Provided that the remaining depreciable value as on 31st March of the year closing after a period of 12 years from the effective date of commercial operation of the station shall be spread over the balance useful life of the assets.

(6) In case of the existing projects, the balance depreciable value as on1.4.2014 shall be worked out by deducting the cumulative depreciation as admitted by the Commission upto 31.3.2014 from the gross depreciable value of the assets.

(7) The generating company or the transmission license, as the case may be, shall submit the details of proposed capital expenditure during the fag end of the project(five years before the useful life) along with justification and proposed life extension. The Commission based on prudence check of such submissions shall approve the depreciation on capital expenditure during the fag end of the project.

(8) In case of de-capitalization of assets in respect of generating station or unit thereof or transmission system or element thereof, the cumulative depreciation shall be adjusted by taking into account the depreciation recovered in tariff by the decapitalized asset during its useful services."

28. Regulation 53(2)(iii) of the 2014 Tariff Regulations provides as under:

"53. Special Provisions relating to Damodar Valley Corporation. (1) Subject to clause (2), these regulations shall apply to determination of tariff of the projects owned by Damodar Valley Corporation (DVC).

(2) The following special provisions shall apply for determination of tariff of the projects owned by DVC:

(i)

(ii)....

(iii) Depreciation: The depreciation rate stipulated by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India in terms of section 40 of the Damodar Valley Corporation Act, 1948 shall be applied for computation of depreciation of projects of DVC.

29. The rate of depreciation has been arrived at by considering the weighted average of

depreciation computed on the gross value of asset as on 31.3.2014 and at the rates

approved by C&AG which works out to 2.5191%. Further, the proportionate adjustment

has been made to the cumulative depreciation corresponding to de-capitalization during

the period 2014-19 for the purpose of tariff. The necessary calculations in support of

depreciation are as under:-

					(□ in b kh)
	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
Opening Capital Cost	267.49	279.16	289.64	289.64	289.64
Net Additional Capitalization	11.67	10.48	-	-	-
Closing Capital Cost	279.16	289.64	289.64	289.64	289.64
Average capital cost	273.32	284.40	289.64	289.64	289.64
Value of freehold land	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Depreciable value	245.09	255.06	259.77	259.77	259.77

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Balance depreciable value	42.48	46.03	43.59	36.29	28.99
Depreciation	6.89	7.16	7.30	7.30	7.30
Cumulative depreciation at the end of the period (before adjustment)	209.49	216.19	223.49	230.78	238.08
Less: Cumulative depreciation adjustment on account of de-capitalization	0.47	-	-	-	-
Cumulative depreciation after adjustment (at the end of the period)	209.02	216.19	223.49	230.78	238.08

Operation & Maintenance Expenses

30. Regulation 29 (3) (a) of the 2014 Tariff Regulations provides the year-wise O&M

expense norms claimed for the generating station of the petitioner as under:

				(🗆 in 🛦kh)
2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
698.99	745.43	794.95	847.77	904.10

31. In addition to above, the petitioner has claimed additional O&M expensestowards

Mega insurance and Share of Subsidiary activity.

					(□ in lal
Additional O&M	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
Ash Evacuation	-	-	-	-	-
Mega Insurance	0.97	0.97	1.07	1.26	1.39
CISF Security	-	-	-	-	-
Share of subsidiary activity	2.06	2.42	2.92	3.28	3.46
Total	3.03	3.39	3.99	4.54	4.85

32. We have considered the submissions. It is observed that the petitioner has not submitted any details of the actual O&M expenses in the prescribed format, at the time of framing the 2014 Tariff Regulations applicable for the period 2014-19. Accordingly, the Commission based on the available information had specified the station-wise O&M



expense norms for hydro-generating stations for the period 2014-19. The relevant portion of the statement of reasons in the support of the 2014 Tariff Regulation is extracted as under:

"30.28 As regards O&M expenses for hydro stations of DVC, the Commission has not received the details of the actual O&M expenses in the prescribed format and therefore, the Commission has escalated the approved O&M expenses for FY 2013-14 by 6.64% to derive the O&M expenses to be allowed for 2014-19."

33. The petitioner has now approached the Commission for grant of additional O&M expenses and has submitted that these expenses are in addition to the O&M expenses approved under the 2014 Tariff Regulations. Considering the fact that these norms were specified under the 2014 Tariff Regulations offer extensive stakeholder consultation and no details were furnished by the petitioner at the time of framing these regulations, we are not inclined to allow the relief as prayed for by the petitioner. Accordingly, the additional O&M expenses claimed by the petitioner has not been allowed

Interest on working capital

34. Sub-section (c) of clause (1) of Regulation 28 of the 2014 Tariff Regulations provides as under:

"28. Interest on Working Capital:
(c) Hydro generating station including pumped storage hydro-electric generating station and transmission system including communication system:
(i) Receivables equivalent to two months of fixed cost;
(ii) Maintenance spares @ 15% of operation and maintenance expenses specified in regulation 29; and
(iii) Operation and maintenance expenses for one month"

Maintenance spares

35. The petitioner has claimed maintenance spares in working capital as under:

				(□ in lakh)
2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
104.85	111.81	119.24	127.17	135.62

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36. The petitioner has claimed maintenance spares as per the 2014 Tariff Regulations and the same has been considered.

Receivables

37. Receivables equivalent to two months of fixedcharges. Accordingly, receivables have been worked out on the basis of two months of approved annual fixed charges as shown below:

					(🗆 in lakh)
	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
Fixed Charges - 2 months	127.85	136.18	144.94	154.22	164.12

O&M expenses for 1 month

38. O & M expenses for 1 month as claimed by the petitioner for the purpose of working capital are allowed as under:

				(🗆 in lakh)
2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
58.25	62.12	66.25	70.65	75.34

Rate of interest on working capital

39. Clause (3) of Regulation 28 of the 2014 Tariff Regulations provides as under:

"Interest on working Capital:

(3) Rate of interest on working capital shall be on normative basis and shall be considered as the bank rate as on 1.4.2014 or as on 1st April of the year during the tariff period 2014-15 to 2018-19 in which the generating station or a unit thereof or

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the transmission system including communication system or element thereof, as the case may be, is declared under commercial operation, whichever is later.(4) Interest on working capital shall be payable on normative basis notwithstanding

that the generating company or the transmission licensee has not taken loan for working capital from any outside agency."

40. In terms of the above regulations, SBI PLR of 13.50% (Bank rate 10.00% + 350 bps) has been considered for the purpose of calculating interest on working capital. Interest on working capital has been computed as under:

					(□ in lakl
	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
O & M expenses	58.25	62.12	66.25	70.65	75.34
Spares	104.85	111.81	119.24	127.17	135.62
Receivables	127.85	136.18	144.94	154.22	164.12
Total Working Capital	290.95	310.11	330.43	352.03	375.08
Rate of Interest	13.500%	13.500%	13.500%	13.500%	13.500%
Total Interest on Working capital	39.28	41.87	44.61	47.52	50.64

Other Elements of tariff

41. In addition, the petitioner has claimed expenditure towards Pension & Gratuity contribution and Cost of Common Offices. We now discuss and decide these elements as detailed below:

Pension & Gratuity Contribution

42. The petitioner has claimed pension and gratuity contribution for the period 2014-19 and has submitted that it has considered the actuarial valuation as on 31.3.2014, for liability towards pension and gratuity fund and projected P&G liability for the tariff period 2014-19including impact of pay revision.

43. We have examined the matter. It is observed that the liability claimed by the petitioner pertains to the period 2009-14 and does not pertain to the tariff period 2014-

19. In this regard it is observed that the Commission in its order dated 29.7.2016

inPetition No. 468/GT/2014, had disallowed the claim of the petitioner and has observed

as under:

"As stated, the Commission in order dated 7.8.2013 in Petition No. 273/GT/2012 had allowed the recovery of 40% of the difference in liability as per Actuarial valuation 31.3.2009 and 31.3.2006 in five equal installments. The Commission in the said order had allocated the same on petitioners generating stations except Mejia Unit 5 & 6. The Commission has revised the allocation and has also allocated share of P&G liability to Mejia Unit 5 and 6 on the basis of capital cost of \Box 205946.66 lakh admitted by it as on 31.3.2009. It is observed that the O&M expenses norms specified by the Commission under the 2009 Tariff Regulations applicable for the period 2009-14 had taken into consideration the P&G liability as part of O&M expenses. The statement of reason of the 2009 Tariff Regulations, at para 20.3 clearly states that O&M cost for purpose of tariff covers expenditure incurred on the employees including gratuity, CPF, medical, education allowances etc. The expenses on account of CPF considered in Public Sector Undertakings take care of pension liability applicable in Government Undertaking."

44. We have already taken a view that these expenses maybe met through the normative O&M Expenses allowed to the generating station. In view of this the share of pension and gratuity is not allowed.



Common Office Expenditure

45. The petitioner has submitted that the expenditure pertaining to common office expenditure such as Direction Office, Central Office, Other Offices, Subsidiary activities, IT centre and R&D caters services to all generating stations as well as composite transmission and distribution systems. It has also submitted that the total cost of common assets computed is based on capital cost as on 31.3.2014 as per Audited Accounts for the year 2013-14 which have been apportioned based on the opening cost of all generation and T&D system as on 1.4.2014 and apportionment thereof to each of the productive generating station in proportion to their installed capacities in MW as per observationof the Commission vide in its order dated 7.8.2013 in Petition No. 273/GT/2012. Accordingly, the additional capital expenditure claimed by the petitioner towards various offices is as under.

					(🗆 in lakh)
	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
Direction office	-	-	-	-	-
Subsidiary activities	-	-	-	-	-
Other offices	-	-	-	-	-
R&D	-	-	-	-	-
IT	698.90	685.00	4508.00	4508.00	300.00
Central Office	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditure	698.90	685.00	4508.00	4508.00	300.00

46. The petitioner has computed Return on Equity, Interest on Loan and Depreciation on the Common Assets for the period 2014-19 based on the opening capital cost as on 1.4.2014 and projected additional capitalization during the period 2014-19 towards different offices and has apportioned them to each generating stations and T&D system in proportion to the capital cost approved as on 31.3.2014. Further, the petitioner has



allocated the cost of common offices among generating stations on the basis of installed capacity. Accordingly, the annual fixed charges claimed towards Common Assets are as under:-

					(□ in lakh)
	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
Direction office	181.64	83.17	60.36	60.36	60.36
Subsidiary activities	169.44	89.54	58.91	58.91	58.91
Other offices	126.07	122.24	122.24	105.32	48.81
R&D	280.10	270.44	260.17	253.34	241.98
IT	100.99	219.39	667.10	1497.65	1893.35
Central Office	554.87	532.74	509.91	487.66	487.66
Total expenditure	1413.11	1317.51	1678.69	2463.24	2791.07

					(🗆 in lakh)
	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
Generating Stations claimed	1327.15	1237.37	1576.58	2313.41	2621.29
T&D claimed	85.96	80.14	102.11	149.83	169.78
Total	1413.11	1317.51	1678.69	2463.24	2791.07

					(□ in lakh)
	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
Tilaya Hydel-Claimed	0.84	0.78	0.99	1.46	1.65

47. In response to the directions of the Commission, it is observed that the petitioner has not submitted any details with regard to additional capitalization claimed under IT offices. In view of this, the additional capitalization claimed under IT office is not allowed. However, the petitioner is granted liberty to submit detailed justification on the said claim at the time of revision of tariff based on truing-up exercise in terms of Regulation 8 of the 2014 Tariff Regulations.

48. It is noticed that the claim of the petitionerfor common office expenditure is in line with the Commission's order dated 6.8.2009 in Petition No. 66/2005 and order dated 8.5.2013 in Petition No. 272/2010. Accordingly, the annual fixed charges for Common

offices have been worked out by considering as the admitted opening capital cost as on 1.4.2014 in order dated 29.7.2016 in Petition No. 468/GT/2014. The annual fixed charges of Common offices as worked out have been apportioned to the generating stations / T&D systems as considered as on 31.3.2014.

49. Accordingly, the fixed charges have been computed as per the admitted capital cost as on 1.4.2014 (as approved in order dated 29.7.2016 in Petition No. 468/GT/2014) and has been allocated to various generating stations as under.

					(🗆 in lakh)
	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
Depreciation	438.37	390.47	331.22	331.22	331.22
Interest on loan	130.32	105.00	93.73	92.63	81.03
Return on Equity	573.79	573.79	573.79	573.79	573.79
Total	1142.48	1069.27	998.75	997.65	986.05

							(🗆 in lakh)
		Capital cost as on 1.4.2014	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
Entire gen station	erating	574165.23	989.45	926.04	864.97	864.01	853.97
T&D		88805.81	153.04	143.23	133.78	133.64	132.08
Total		662971.04	1142.48	1069.27	998.75	997.65	986.05

	1	1				(🗆 in lakh)
Station	Capacity	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
Bokaro TPS	630.00	99.64	91.77	85.72	85.62	84.63
Chandrapura TPS	390.00	61.68	56.81	53.06	53.01	52.39
Durgapur TPS	350.00	55.36	50.98	47.62	47.57	47.02
Mejia TPS #1 to 3	630.00	99.64	91.77	85.72	85.62	84.63
Mejia TPS #4	210.00	33.21	30.59	28.57	28.54	28.21
Mejia TPS #5 & 6	500.00	79.08	72.83	68.03	67.96	67.17
Maithon HS	63.20	10.00	9.21	8.60	8.59	8.49
Panchet HS	80.00	12.65	11.65	10.88	10.87	10.75
Tilaiya HS	4.00	0.63	0.58	0.54	0.54	0.54
Total	2857.20	451.91	416.20	388.75	388.32	383.81

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Chandrapura TPS #7 & 8	500.00	79.08	72.83	68.03	67.96	67.17
Mejia TPS 7 & 8	1000.00	158.16	145.67	136.06	135.91	134.33
Durgapur Steel TPS # 1 & 2	1000.00	158.16	145.67	136.06	135.91	134.33
Koderma TPS	898.63	142.13	145.67	136.06	135.91	134.33
Total	3398.63	537.54	509.84	476.21	475.69	470.16
Grand Total	6255.83	989.45	926.04	864.97	864.01	853.97
Total T&D		153.04	143.23	133.78	133.64	132.08
Grand total		1142.48	1069.27	998.75	997.65	986.05

50. Accordingly, annual fixed charges approved for the generating station for the period

from 1.4.2014 to 31.3.2019 is summarized as under:

					(🗆 in lakh)
	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
Depreciation	6.89	7.16	7.30	7.30	7.30
Interest on Loan	0.08	0.18	0.11	-	-
Return on Equity	21.90	22.44	22.70	22.70	22.70
Interest on Working Capital	39.28	41.87	44.61	47.52	50.64
O&M Expenses	698.99	745.43	794.95	847.77	904.10
Sub-Total	767.13	817.09	869.66	925.29	984.73
Share of Common Office Expenses	0.63	0.58	0.54	0.54	0.54
Additional O&M on account of Ash Evacuation, Mega Insurance, CISF Security and Share of subsidiary activities	-	-	-	-	-
Share of Pension & Gratuity Contribution	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-Total	0.63	0.58	0.54	0.54	0.54
Total Annual Fixed Charges	767.76	817.67	870.21	925.84	985.27

Normative Annual Plant Availability Factor

51. Clause (4) of Regulation 37 of the 2014 Tariff Regulations provides for the Normative Annual Plant Availability Factor (NAPAF) for hydro generating stations already in operation. Accordingly, the NAPAF of 80% has been considered for this generating station as prescribed in the 2014 Tariff Regulations.



Design Energy

52. The annual design energy of 0.125 MUsis considered for the generating station.

Application Fee and Publication Expenses

53. The petitioner has sought the reimbursement of filing fee and also the expenses incurred towards publication of notices for application of tariff for the period 2014-19. The petitioner has deposited the filing fees for the period 2014-15 in terms of the provisions of the Central Electricity Regulatory Commission (Payment of Fees) Regulations, 2012. Accordingly, in terms of Regulation 52 of the 2014 Tariff Regulations and in line with the decision in Commission's order dated 5.1.2016 in Petition No. 232/GT/2014, we direct that the petitioner shall be entitled to recover pro rata, the filing fees and the expenses incurred on publication of notices for the period 2014-15 directly from the respondents on submission of documentary proof. The filing fees for the remaining years of the tariff period 2015-19 shall be recovered pro rata after deposit of the same and production of documentary proof.

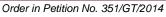
54. The annual fixed charges determined as above are subject to truing-up in terms of Regulation 8 of the 2014 Tariff Regulations.

55. Petition No. 351/GT/2014 is disposed of in terms of the above.

Sd/-

(Dr. M. K. Iyer) Member Sd/-

(A.S. Bakshi) Member





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Annexure-I

				(□ in lakh)				
Particular		In	terest Ra	Loan deployed as on	Additions during the tariff	Total		
	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	1.4.2014	period	
Loan- 1 DVC BONDS	8.95	8.95	8.95	8.95	8.95	30000.00	0.00	30000.00
Loan-2 PFC	6.91	6.91	6.91	6.91	0.00	8451.00	0.00	8451.00
Loan-3 GOI RVP	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	500.00	0.00	500.00
Loan 4 US Exim \$Loan\$	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	6177.00	0.00	6177.00
Loan 5-DVC Bonds- For T&D	8.95	8.95	8.95	8.95	8.95	34000.00	0.00	34000.00
Loan - 6 REC Loan (For T&D)	11.68	11.66	11.66	11.66	11.66	63499.00	15500.00	78999.00
Total						142627.00	15500.00	158127.00

DETAILS OF LOAN BASED ON ACTUAL LOAN PORTFOLIO (2014-19)

WEIGHTED AVERAGE RATE OF INTEREST ON LOAN DURING 2014-19 TARIFF PERIOD

					(🗆 in lakh)
	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
Gross Opening Loan	142643.00	158143.00	158143.00	158143.00	158143.00
Cumulative Repayments of Loans upto Previous Year	12659.00	13119.00	20163.00	91207.00	98238.00
Net Loans Opening	129984.00	145024.00	137981.00	66936.00	59905.00
Add: Drawl(s) during the year	15500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Increase/Decrease due to FERV	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Increase/Decrease due to ACE	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Less: Repayment(s) of Loan during the year	460.00	7043.00	71044.00	7031.00	7002.00
Net Closing Loan	145024.00	137981.00	66937.00	59905.00	52903.00
Average Net Loan	135059.00	142443.00	129613.00	64355.00	57324.00
Interest on Loan	13834.49	14742.66	13421.00	7430.00	6651.00
Rate of Interest on Loan (%)	10.2433%	10.3499%	10.3547%	11.5453%	11.6025%

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